# Arctic System Science (ARCSS) Program Synthesis Retreat 2004 (or retreat #2)

Welcome and Introduction...



(note the smiling faces near the end of retreat #1)

# Arctic System Science (ARCSS) Program Synthesis Retreat 2004 - Lake Tahoe Overview of Presentation

- · Welcome and thanks for your time
- · First (and LAST!) mention of programmatic framework
- · A little on "synthesis" versus "analysis"
- Overview of first (Big Sky) retreat
- · Intro to second (Lake Tahoe) retreat
  - starting point
  - participant-driven agenda
  - outcomes, goals & products
  - relaxed or family-friendly context

Arctic System Science (ARCSS) Program Synthesis Retreat 2004 - Lake Tahoe Welcome and thanks

This introduction on behalf of the organizing committee/team:

ARCSS Committee, Dan Ferguson, Julia McCarthy and Helen Wiggins

(with special thanks to Marika, Craig, Dan and Julia)

# Arctic System Science (ARCSS) Program Primary Overarching Goals

- to understand the physical, geological, chemical, biological, and social processes of the arctic system that interact with the total Earth system and thus contribute to or are influenced by global change, in order...
- to advance the scientific basis for predicting environmental change on a seasonal-to centuries time scale, and for formulating policy options in response to the anticipated impacts of global changes on human beings and societal support systems.

# Arctic System Science (ARCSS) Program The first 15 years...

LAII, ATLAS
OAII, SHEBA, SBI
GISP2, PALE, PARCS
HARC, RAISE, CHAMP
PACTS, LSI, SNACS

Sub-system focused initiatives -- observation, process study, modeling, some synthesis

SIMS

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### SIMS - Synthesis, Integration, and Modeling Studies

- consider the interaction of the Arctic with the global system,
- span two or more of the ARCSS components,
- synthesis ARCSS data with results from other large global change programs
- Bring together (e.g., model) elements of different disciplines

# Arctic System Science (ARCSS) Program The NEXT X years...

An ARCSS Program that emphasizes *the Arctic System* and its roles in the global system

- continued focus on critical sub-system understanding (i.e., a proven ARCSS capability)
- but with stronger complementary focus on the system (including humans) as an interacting whole...

... integrated synthesis and analysis

# Arctic System Science (ARCSS) Program The NEXT X years...

And, hence, the experiments in ARCSS synthesis

- summer retreats (Big Sky in 2003, and Lake Tahoe in 2004)
- future ARCSS AO's

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BUT DON'T FORGET - primary goal is not just to learn about how we do system science, but (more importantly) to learn about how the arctic system works (and will work).

# Arctic System Science (ARCSS) Program Synthesis Retreat 2004 - Lake Tahoe RULE #1

No more discussion, mention, etc. of programmatic issues (hooray!)

Tom Ritchey, based on a study by Bernhard Riemann:

"Analysis and synthesis, as scientific methods, always go hand in hand; they complement one another. Every synthesis is built upon the results of a preceding analysis, and every analysis requires a subsequent synthesis in order to verify and correct its results."

"There are, however, important situations in which one method can be regarded as more suitable than the other."

And <u>next on the agenda</u>, everyone will provide some of their own insight into the issue of synthesis.

"In the context of this Arctic system workshop, scientific synthesis means..."

And <u>next on the agenda</u>, everyone will provide some of their own insight into the issue of synthesis.

"In the context of this Arctic system workshop, scientific synthesis means..."

but first, a Big Sky perspective...

synthesis noun (plural: -ses)

"*known*" causes (Ritchey/Riemann)

1 the process of combining objects or ideas into a complex whole

Compare: analysis

2 the combination or whole produced by such a process

Source: The Collins English Dictionary © 2000 HarperCollins Publishers:

### analysis noun (plural: -ses)

- 1 the division of a physical or abstract whole into its constituent parts to examine or determine their relationship or value Compare: synthesis [1]
- 2 a statement of the results of this

. . .

7 (Philosophy) (in the writings of Kant) the separation of a concept from another that contains it Compare: synthesis [6a]

Source: The Collins English Dictionary © 2000 HarperCollins Publishers:

## The meaning of synthesis

The Concise Oxford Dictionary definition of 'synthesis' is

"the process or result of building up separate elements, especially ideas, into a connected whole, especially into a theory or system"

The definition is straightforward but the interpretation of the process can vary considerably.

Source: http://www.scenario-planning.com/define.htm

### Synthesis:

The scientific method, of which synthesis is part, increases understanding about Nature and does so through successive approximation. The purpose of synthesis is to reduce diverse parts of a project or experiment into a coherent simplified statement for *practical* application and to set the stage for the next hypothesis and experiment.

Source: Patrick Webber, March 1997
ARCSS Workshop
(colors and italics, J. Overpeck)

### Synthesis:

continued...

Synthesis is *not* the listing of data or research achievements; it is the abstraction of the best understanding of the fundamental characteristics, dynamics and controlling principles of the system. It is the critical last step before the design of the next experiment.

Source: Patrick Webber, March 1997
ARCSS Workshop
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# The Big Sky Starting Point Synthesis:

"It is the abstraction of the best understanding - through the combining of ideas from disparate elements to gain new insight. It is that NEW INSIGHT - the "AHA syndrome" that is essential in my mind. That is what makes the whole more than the sum of the parts.

...you only achieve that *new insight by asking questions* you cannot answer with the understanding you currently have."

Source: Neil Swanberg, July 2003 (colors and italics, J. Overpeck)

Arctic System Science (ARCSS) Program Synthesis Retreat 2004 - Lake Tahoe Overview of first (Big Sky) retreat

# Arctic System Science (ARCSS) Program Synthesis Retreat 2004 - Lake Tahoe Overview of first (Big Sky) retreat

- The synthesis was designed to be non-programmatic, and is viewed as an experiment to:
  - 1) determine the value of synthesis to arctic environmental science
  - 2) begin uncovering the best way to carry out arctic system synthesis

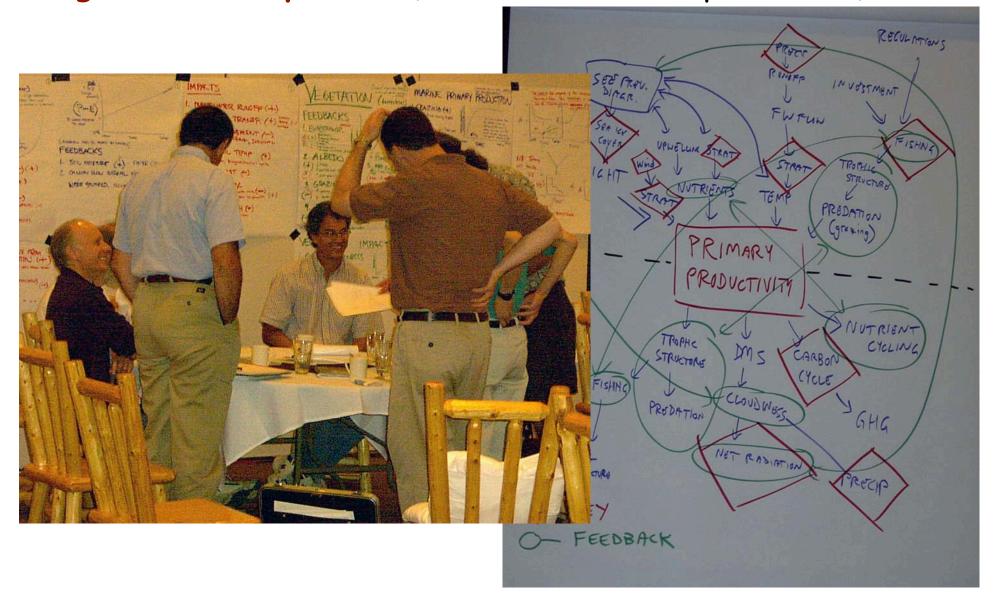
The "Ah ha"

factor

- 3) identify key arctic system unknowns
- 4) learn something new about how the arctic system works, and what it means for the future

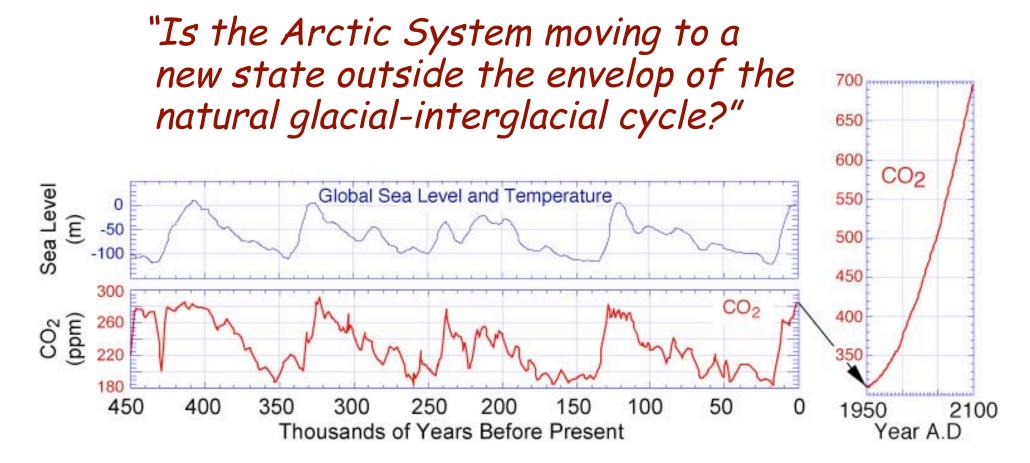
## The 2003-04 ARCSS Arctic System Synthesis

• An adaptive process - the participants guided both the goals and the process (and soon, the final products...)

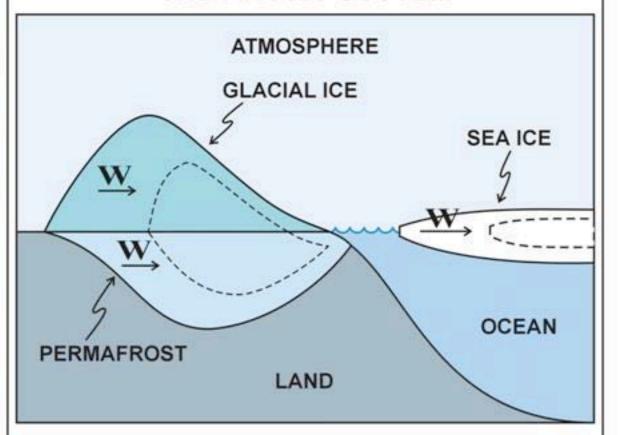


## The 2003-04 ARCSS Arctic System Synthesis

- An adaptive process the participants guided both the goals and the process (and soon, the final products...)
- Quickly converged on the value of "the big question," which focused several days of plenary and breakout group discussions...



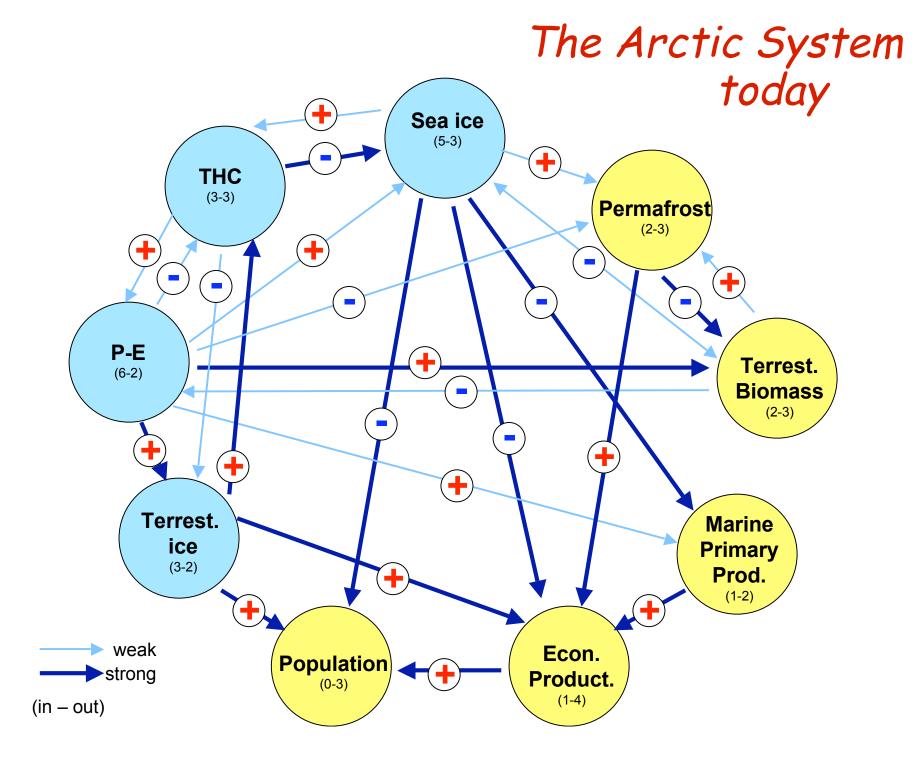
#### THE ARCTIC SYSTEM

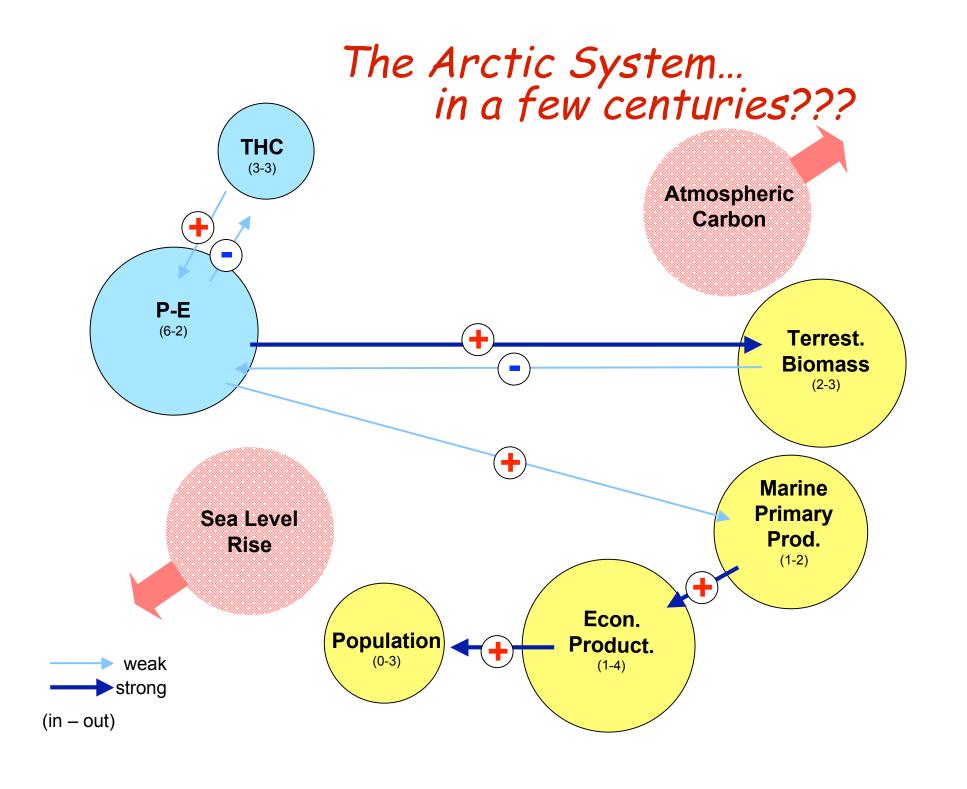


The current state of the Arctic System is defined by the presence of permanently frozen water in three forms: sea ice; glacial ice; and permafrost.

Includes
the
biosphere
and
humans
too!

Cartoon drafted by E. Carmack





### Arctic System Synthesis... the Ah ha's

- arctic IS likely being driven to a new seasonally icefree state
- current patterns of system change are likely a sign of things to come
- feedbacks generally positive in Arctic; cloud feedback are not likely to prevent state change



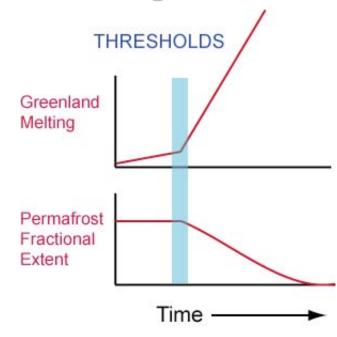
These guys just didn't wait long enough...

## Arctic System Synthesis... the Ah ha's

- · arctic IS likely being driven to a new seasonally icefree state
- · current patterns of system change are likely a sign of things to come
- feedbacks generally positive in Arctic; cloud feedback are not likely to prevent state change
- must therefore look outside arctic for possible thermostats
  - e.g., decreased poleward heat transport by atmosphere and/or oceans

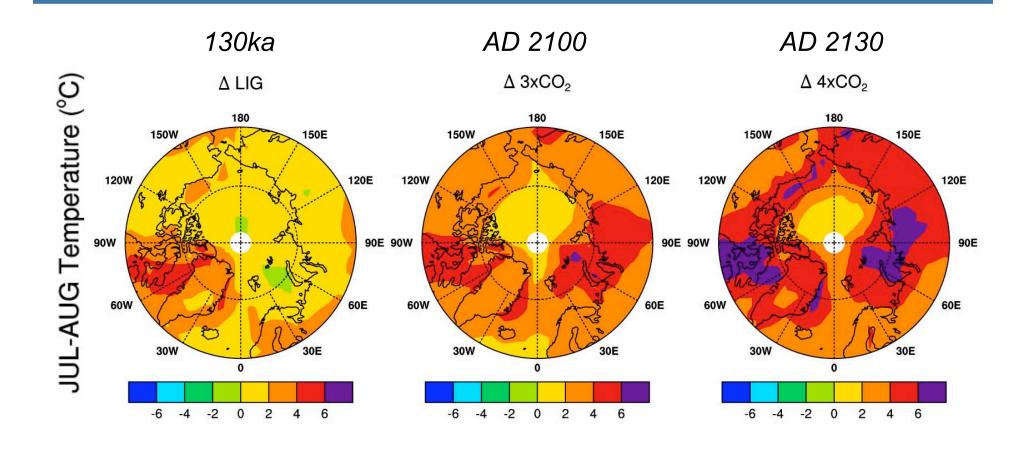
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- must therefore look outside arctic for possible thermostats
  - e.g., decreased poleward heat transport by atmosphere and/or oceans
- change likely to accelerate across poorly understood thresholds



# Simulated summer surface air temperature anomalies -

## surface air temperature 130ka versus the future



(Overpeck, Otto-Bleisner, Kiehl and Miller (in prep.)

### Can sea level rise faster than previously estimated?

**Time Period** 

(cm/year)

Sea level Rise Source

Next 100 to 1000 yrs. **0.1 to 0.8** IPCC

(model simulations) (1990's observed = 0.25) many models

(0.1 to 0.8 m per century)

**Last Deglaciation** 

13,000 to 7000 yr B.P. Up to 1.1

(observations) (1+ m per century)

Bard et al., 1996

coral dating

**Penultimate** 

Deglaciation 2.0 to 5.0

Ca. 130,000 yr B.P. (2 to 5m per century)

(observations) + thermal expansion

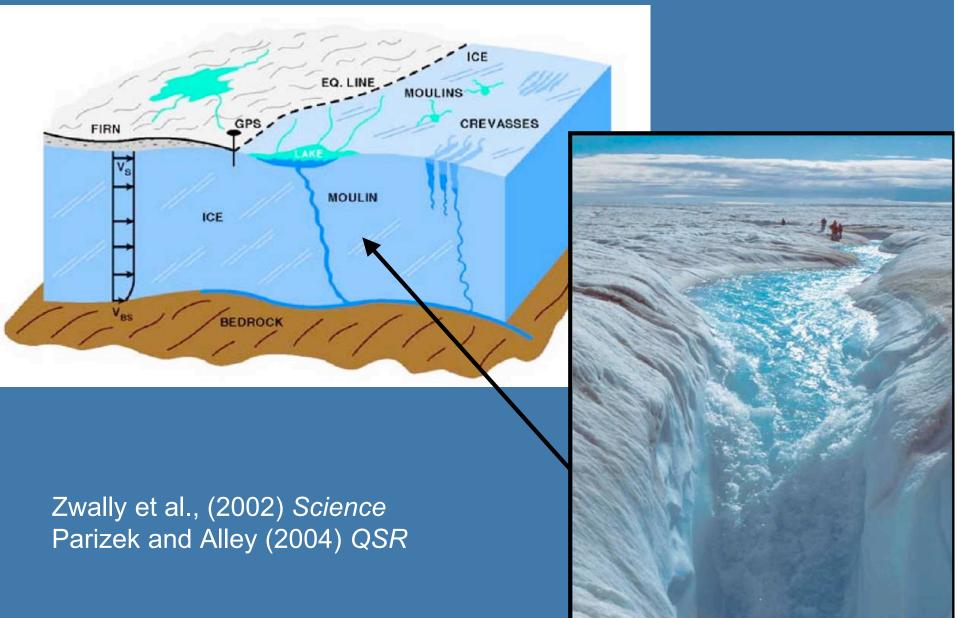
Esat et al., 1999

McCulloch & Esat, 2000

coral dating

(Overpeck et al., in prep.)

# New mechanisms for increased ice sheet sensitivity to surface warming

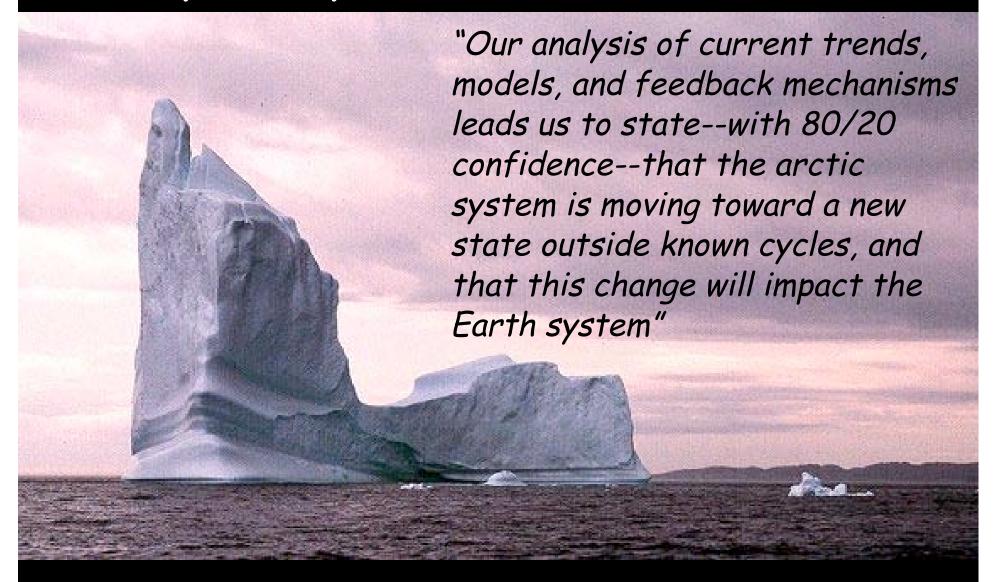


## Arctic System Synthesis... selected impacts

- Northern lives/lifestyles/culture
  - Arctic
- Costs to both existing and future infrastructure
- Biodiversity
- Global climate change possibly abrupt
- Release of stored carbon to atmosphere
- Sea level rise possibly abrupt
- Lack of predictability for all stakeholders

Global

## Arctic System Synthesis - conclusion



Despite fact that much remains to be done

With more of a starting point than Big Sky, but still intended to be participant-driven.

### **Starting questions:**

"How realistic is the Big Sky conceptual model of a two-state (modern and future seasonally ice free) arctic system, and how well do we understand the mechanisms of possible state change?"

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### **Starting questions:**

"How realistic is the Big Sky conceptual model of a two-state (modern and future seasonally ice free) arctic system, and how well do we understand the mechanisms of possible state change?"

- what will trajectory look like? "

"sub-questions"

- what are the likely thresholds?
- any potential surprises?
- any way to slow or stop state change?
- is there a point of no return? changes irreversible?

With more of a starting point than Big Sky, but still intended to be *participant-driven*.

### **Starting questions:**

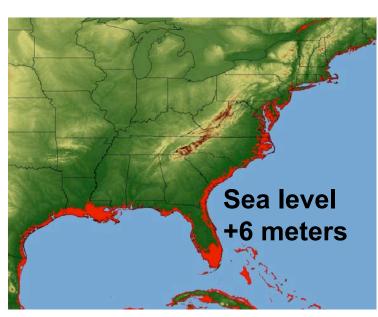
"How realistic is the Big Sky conceptual model of a two-state (modern and future seasonally ice free) arctic system, and how well do we understand the mechanisms of possible state change?"

... and how well are these key processes represented in stateof-the-art predictive models?

### **Starting recommendation:**

Can we guide our process-focus on the basis of what might be most important to society (i.e., by possible impacts of arctic system change)?

- Rapid sea level rise
- Abrupt change to THC
- Accelerated release of carbon to atmosphere
- Opening of Arctic sea transport route
- Dramatic changes in high latitude fisheries
- Imperiled cultural integrity
- Threats to biodiversity
- Frozen-ground transformations



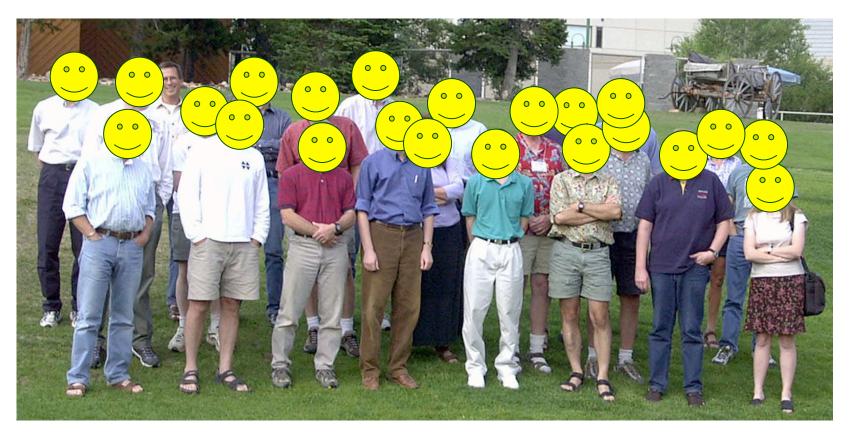
With more of a starting point than Big Sky, but still intended to be participant-driven.

#### Outcomes, goals and products (group discussion in afternoon):

- want to focus more on outcomes, goals & products at onset (with realization that we might adapt as the week progresses)
- build on, and/or complement, the Big Sky paper
- ideas?
  - paper focused on realism (or advance) of conceptual model from perspective of earth system models (e.g., AOGCMs)
  - issue papers (e.g., focused on sub-questions; humans as part of system)
  - focus on role of the arctic in likely impacts
  - need to identify writing team(s) early

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And don't forget - our objective is to have fun too!



(reminder to discuss logistics - including interest in wine/desert)