Welcome ARCUS Arctic Research Seminar Series

"Promoting Research on Mental Health, Resilience, and Wellbeing in the Arctic"



Presenters:

Roberto Delgado, PhD
Chief, Rural Research Program, NIMH, NIH
Andrea Horvath Marques, MD, MPH, PhD
Chief, Mental Health Disparities Research NIMH, NIH



12 February 2018









Promoting Research on Mental Health, Resilience, and Wellbeing in the Arctic

Roberto Delgado, PhD Chief, Rural Research Program, NIMH, NIH

Andrea Horvath Marques, MD, MPH, PhD
Chief, Mental Health Disparities Research NIMH, NIH
12 February 2018



KEY MESSAGES

- Cultural discontinuity resulting from rapid environmental and social changes has been linked to high rates of depression, alcoholism, suicide, and violence in many Arctic Indigenous communities, with the most dramatic impact on youth
- Strength-and resilience-based approaches can support public health policy, research, and practice improvements broadly to better serve Arctic communities
- Stronger collaborations among clinicians, communities, policy makers, and researchers are needed to change the attitudes that perpetuate stigma and discrimination, and to expand services to promote greater efficiency in the use of resources



Promoting Research on Mental Health, Resilience, and Wellbeing in the Arctic

- Mental wellness initiative under 2015-2017 US Chairmanship of Arctic Council
 - Reducing the Incidence of Suicide in Indigenous Groups Strengths United through Networks (RISING SUN)
- Report on the Goals and Objectives for Arctic Research 2017-2018 (USARC)
 - Goal #2 Improve Arctic Human Health
- Arctic Research Plan: FY2017-2021
 - Enhance the wellbeing of Arctic residents
- NIMH/NIMHD Collaborative Hubs



https://www.nimh.nih.gov/about/organization/gmh/risingsun



Transforming the understanding and treatment of mental illnesses.

Search the NIMH website

Search





Home > About NIMH > Offices and Divisions > Office for Research on Disparities and Global Mental Health (ORDGMH)





Report on the Goals and Objectives for Arctic Research 2017-2018

GOAL 2. Improve Arctic Human Health

MOTIVATION

Arctic climate change is altering the presence and distribution of bacteria, viruses, and other microorganisms (pathogens) that can cause disease in people and wild-life, including species critical to subsistence. Concurrently, long-range transport of contaminants from outside the Arctic leads to their accumulation in Arctic food webs, threatening food and water security, and the health of local people.

Access to adequate amounts of clean water is strongly connected to improved health, but climate change is disrupting water and sanitation systems. The Arctic is being affected by warming and thawing permafrost, rising sea levels, increasing number and intensity of storm surges, saltwater intrusion into coastal groundwater, and northward moving animal populations that bring with them new pathogens (e.g., giardia). Additionally, climate change is drying tundra ponds and is damaging water and sanitation infrastructure.





RECOMMENDATIONS

- » Promote research on innovative strategies to increase use of and access to adequate amounts of clean water and sanitation (with commensurate health improvements) in remote communities with a specific focus on climate change and its impacts on these systems and the health of Arctic residents.
- » Support new approaches to health programs that recognize and strengthen the connections between people, wildlife, environment, and climate.²
- » Analyze the possible pathways of human exposure to contaminants and diseases passed between people and wildlife in the Arctic, and how these pathways evolve with climate change.
- » Investigate approaches to prepare for and manage responses to climate change that reduce negative impacts to human health and safety.
- » Research climate-change-related alterations in the distribution and migratory pathways of wildlife to better inform management decisions and to protect subsistence species.



US Arctic Research Commission



Encourage data collection, Integration, analysis and research STRENGTHEN SYSTEMS OF IMPROVE MENTAL HEALTH IN THE CIRCUMPOLAR NORTH Promote capacity development Work collaboratively with tribes of the mental and behavioral and other stakeholders health workforce in Alaska Promote use of Indigenous knowledge, research, and evidence-based early Intervention and primary Strengthen mental health prevention efforts. protective factors of children and youth with a focus on community-based efforts





Arctic Research Plan: FY 2017-2021

ARCTIC RESEARCH PLAN FY2017-2021

PRODUCT OF THE
Interagency Arctic Research Policy Committee
OF THE NATIONAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY COUNCIL

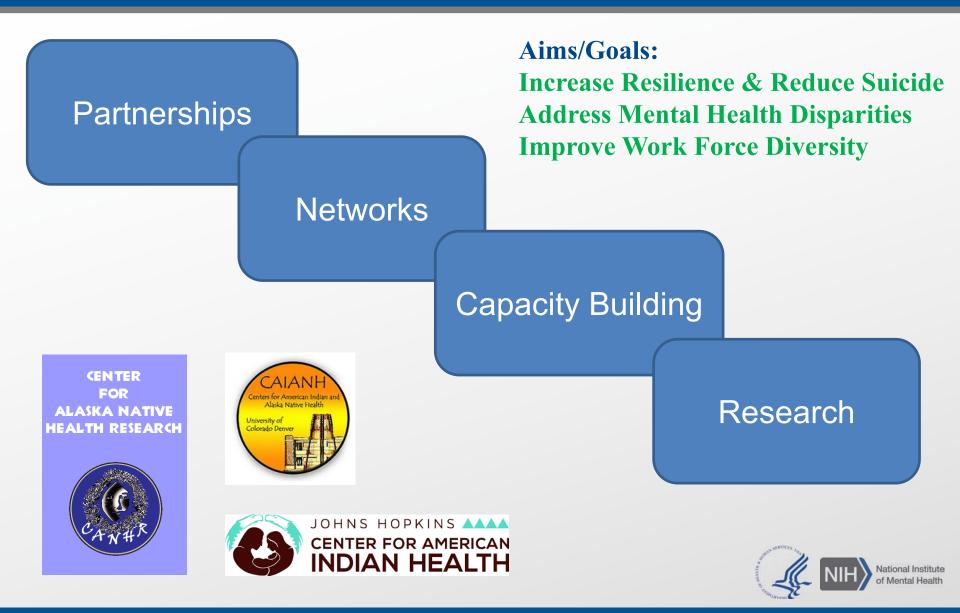


Research Objective 1.5

 Increase understanding of mental health, substance abuse, and wellbeing for Alaskan youth; and support programs that address those impacts and strengthen youth resilience.



NIMH Collaborative Hubs to Reduce the Burden of Suicide Among Al/AN Youth





Transforming the understanding and treatment of mental illnesses.

#	HEALTH	1 & EDUCATION	OUTREAC	H RESEARC	CH PRIORITIES	FUNI	DING	LABS AT
About the	Director	Advisory Boards	and Groups	Strategic Plan	Offices and Divis	sions	Budget	Careers a

Home > About NIMH > Offices and Divisions

Global Mental Health Research Program

Women's Mental Health Research Program

Minority Health & Mental Health Disparities

Webinars on Disparities and Global Mental Health

Office for Research on Disparities and Global Mental Health (ORDGMH)

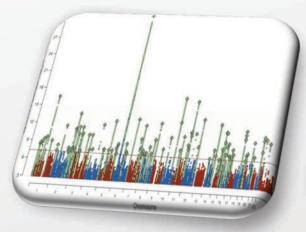
Overview

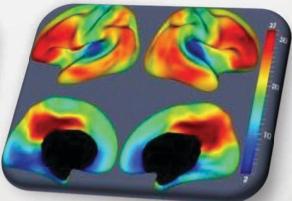
The NIMH Office for Research on Disparities and Global Mental Health (ORDGMH) coordinates the Institute's efforts to reduce mental health disparities both within and outside of the United States. The office's combined focus on local and global mental

National Institute of Mental Health: Mission

To transform the understanding and treatment of mental illnesses through basic and clinical research, paving the way for prevention, recovery and cure













NIMH Strategic Priorities

NIMH Priorities: Dr. Joshua A Gordon

-" Diversity is the cornerstone of a strong research portfolio". ...
- Diversity in:
 - Subject matter—basic, translational, clinical, and implementation science—
 - Workforce that investigates this subject matter.
 - Individuals who participate in this research.
 - Time frames: short (help currently available, efficacious treatments reach all patients who need them), medium, and long-term.

NIMH Strategic Plan

- From basic science of the brain and behavior to public health impact.
 - Objective 1 Define the Mechanisms of Complex Behaviors
 - Objective 2 Chart Mental Illness Trajectories To Determine When, Where, and How to Intervene
 - Objective 3 Strive for Prevention and Cures
 - Objective 4 Strengthen the Public Health Impact of NIMH-Supported Research

Mental Health Disparities Research Priorities across the NIMH Strategic Research Plan

SO1 -SO2 Understand Mechanisms of Disparities through the Study of Diverse Groups

SO3

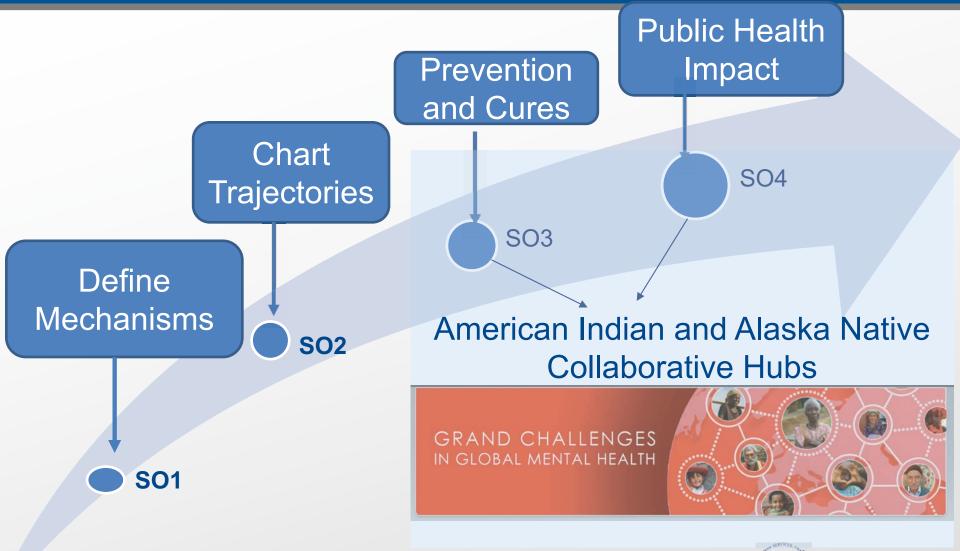
 Develop New Interventions to Reduce Disparities and Optimize Care

SO4

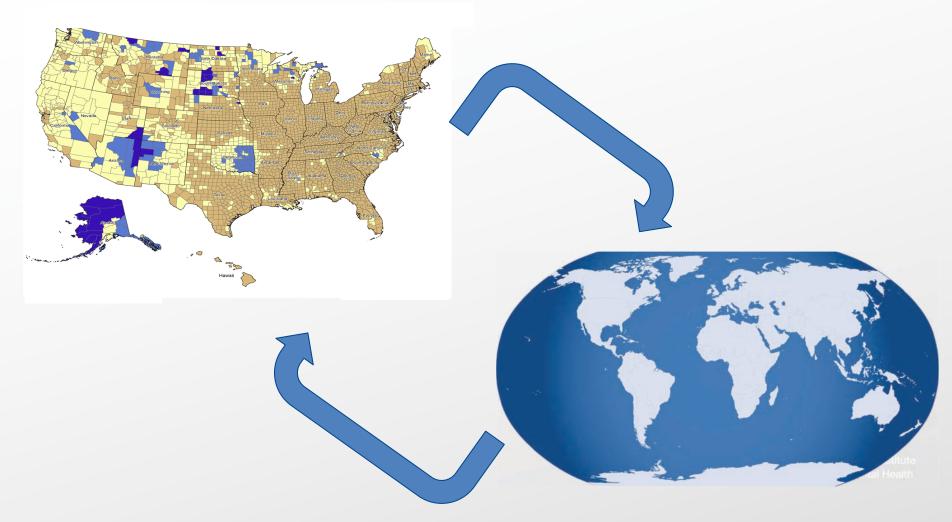
 Track disparities and Scale up Evidence-Based Interventions to Reduce Disparities in Access to Care



Collaborative Hubs to Reduce the Burden of Suicide Among Al/AN Youth: NIMH Strategic Research Plan and The Grand Challenge Initiative



Applying the Hub Model Back to U.S. To Reduce the Burden of Suicide Among Al/AN





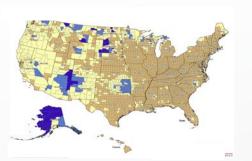
The Hub Model: Incubator for

Partnerships

Network

Capacity Building

Research

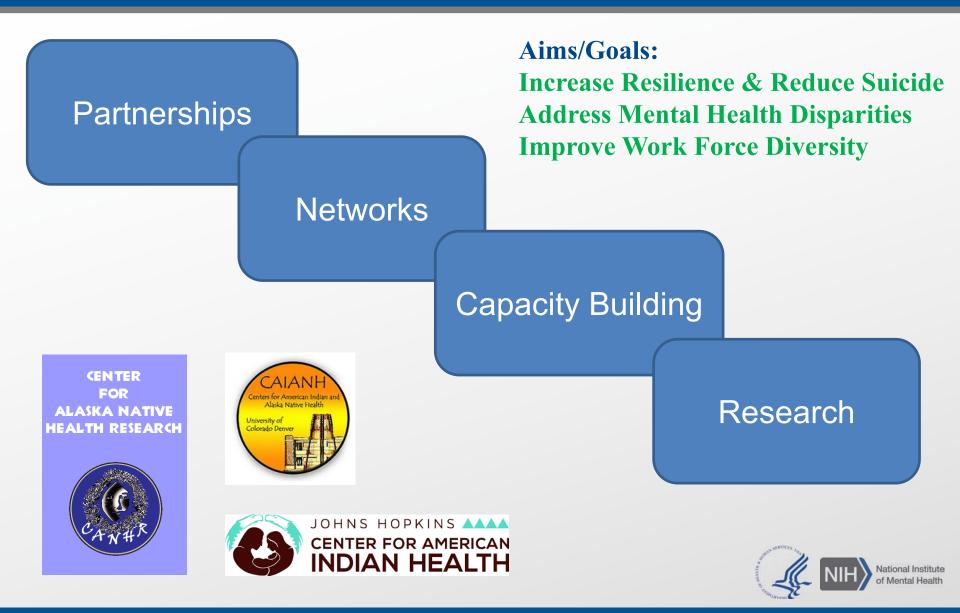


- Promoting partnership and engaging those who will implement and sustain evidence-based mental health care
 - Establishing research networks to accelerate research and publication of results
 - Building research capacity where it is underdeveloped
- Studying the delivery of evidence-based care to high-need, underserved populations



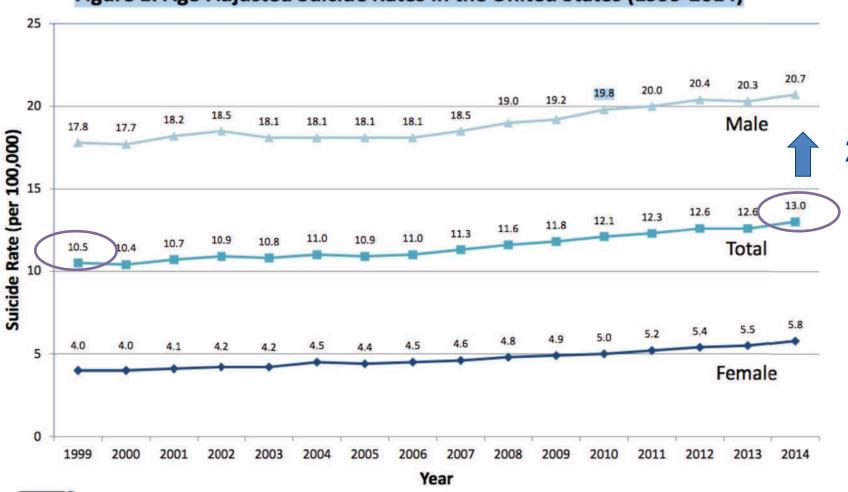


NIMH Collaborative Hubs to Reduce the Burden of Suicide Among Al/AN Youth



Suicide Rates in the U.S. from 1999 - 2014

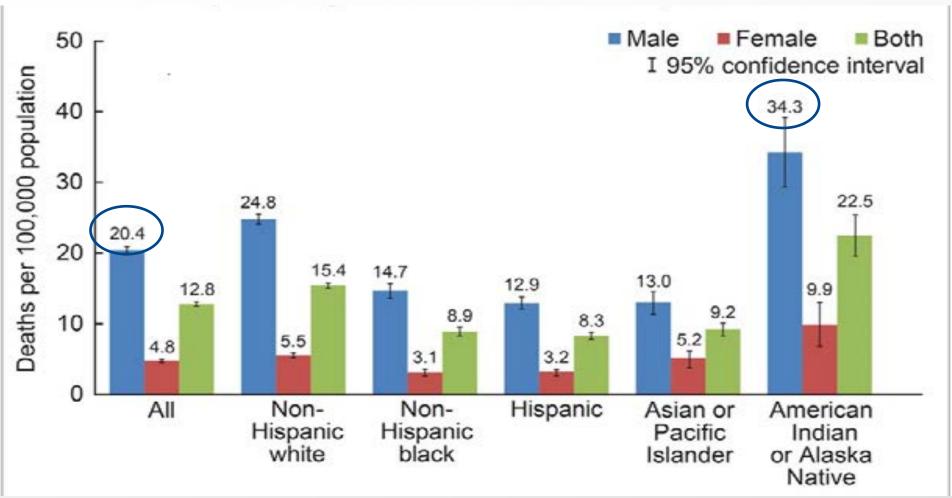
Figure 1. Age-Adjusted Suicide Rates in the United States (1999-2014)



NIH National Institute of Mental Health

Data courtesy of CDC

Suicide Rates Among U.S. Adults Aged 18-24, by Race and Sex: 2012-2013





A systematic review of suicide prevention interventions targeting indigenous peoples in Australia, United States, Canada and New Zealand

Anton C Clifford^{1*†}, Christopher M Doran^{2†} and Komla Tsey^{3†}

5 interventions among AI/ANs

None were RCTs.

 Urgent need of preventive interventions targeting reductions in AI/AN suicide using methodologically rigorous study designs across geographically and culturally diverse Indigenous populations



Suicide Trends Among and Within Urbanization Levels by Sex, Race/Ethnicity, Age Group, and Mechanism of Death — United States, 2001–2015

- Mortality data from the National Vital Statistics System (NVSS) cause of death information from 50 states and the DC
- Suicide rates increased across the three urbanization levels,
- Higher rates in rural counties
- Suicide rates were consistently highest for men and Al/AN
- Rates were highest for whites in more metropolitan counties



Results

Results:

- Suicide rates increased across the three urbanization levels,
- Higher rates in rural counties than in medium/small or large metropolitan counties
- Suicide rates were consistently highest for men and American Indian/Alaska Natives
- Rates were highest for whites in more metropolitan counties
- Increases in suicide rates occurred for all age groups with the highest rates for persons aged 35–64 years

Conclusion

- Interventions to prevent suicides should be ongoing, particularly in rural areas. Comprehensive suicide prevention efforts might include
 - Leveraging protective factors and
 - Providing innovative prevention strategies that increase access to health care and mental health care in rural communities.
 - In addition, distribution of socioeconomic factors varies in different communities and needs to be better understood in the context of suicide prevention.



Collaborative Hubs to Reduce the Burden of Suicide Among Al/AN Youth



Promoting Work Force Diversity



Newly Awarded Collaborative Hubs to Reduce the Burden of Suicide Among Al/AN Youth (RFA- MH-17-350)

Southwest Hub for American Indian Youth Suicide Prevention Research: White Mountain Apache Tribe Navajo Nation

Alaska Native Collaborative
Hub for Resilience Research:
Northwest Arctic
Norton Sound
Yukon Kuskokwim

Collaborative Hub to Reduce the Burden of Suicide among Urban Al/AN Youth: Seattle, WA Albuquerque, NM





Partnerships

Network

Capacity Building

Research



ANCHRR will serve all AN communities and organizations along with federal, state, private and nonprofit service provider agencies and partners.

Goals:

- (a) Establish a **central hub for Alaska** that supports efforts in **reducing the burden of AN youth suicide**
- (b) Utilize scientific tools to build AN strengths and protections against suicidal and other adverse behaviors through a model of youth resilience
- (c) **Develop** and **sustain tribal capacity** to **conduct research** and use **scientific tools** to promote and **increase AN youth and community wellbeing**.





- Builds on established tribal partnerships in the regions with highest suicide rate of Alaska:
 - Northwest Arctic (93.1/100.000)
 - Bering Strait (77.2/100.000)
 - Yukon Kuskokwim (66.7/100.000)
- Goal: Broader the potential impacts from suicide prevention research efforts
 throughout the entire state of Alaska, as well as throughout the Arctic more
 generally.

Partnerships

Research

Network

Capacity Building

Network: Communities - Alaska – Artic - NIMH- Hubs -

UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA FAIRBANKS



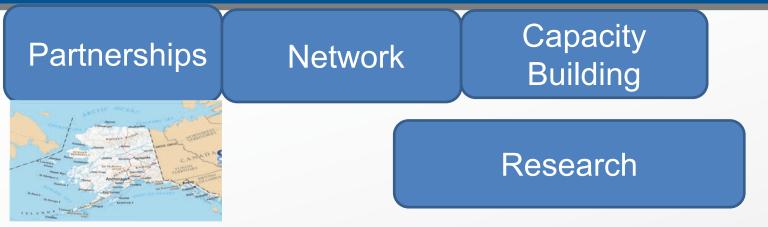
- Capacity Building
 - Cross-Campus-Discipline Collaboration Program
 - Mental Health Research
 - Involvement Native early career investigators to build capacity



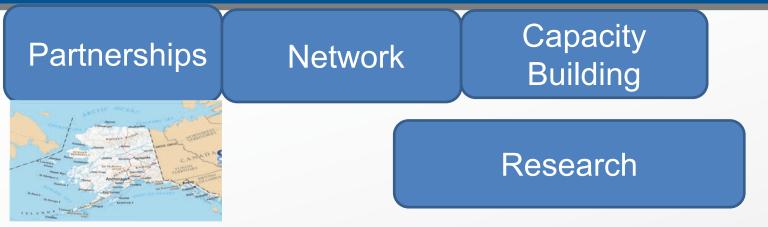


- Emphasis on community-level protective factors determinants of risk
- Utilize a collaborative mixed methods approach to identify communitylevel protective factors within a multi-level model of Youth Resilience
- The study will involve data collection in 64 rural and remote Alaskan Native Villages



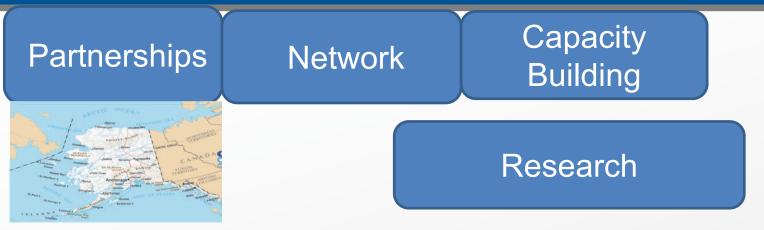


- Aims:
 - Evaluate the association of
 - mutable community-level protective factors (institutions, traditions, resources and leaders) with
 - suicide, suicide behavior (ideation, attempt) and associated adverse outcome (accidental death, alcohol-misuse requiring healthcare) in youth
 - Mechanisms (community perceptions, practices and norms)



- Aims:
 - In a stratified random sample of 6 communities,
 - Test a multi-level model of individual level youth protective factors (induvial, family, community, social connection), moderated by a set of community-level factors, as predictor of individual-level youth resilience from suicide risk outcome





- Aims:
 - Develop and disseminate, a user friendly and practical tool-Alaska Community Resilience Mapping (AK-CRM):
 - Translates into community practice
 - Allowing communities to measure and strengthen these factors and reduce suicide risk and increase youth resilience.



NIH Tribal Health Research Office



https://dpcpsi.nih.gov/thro

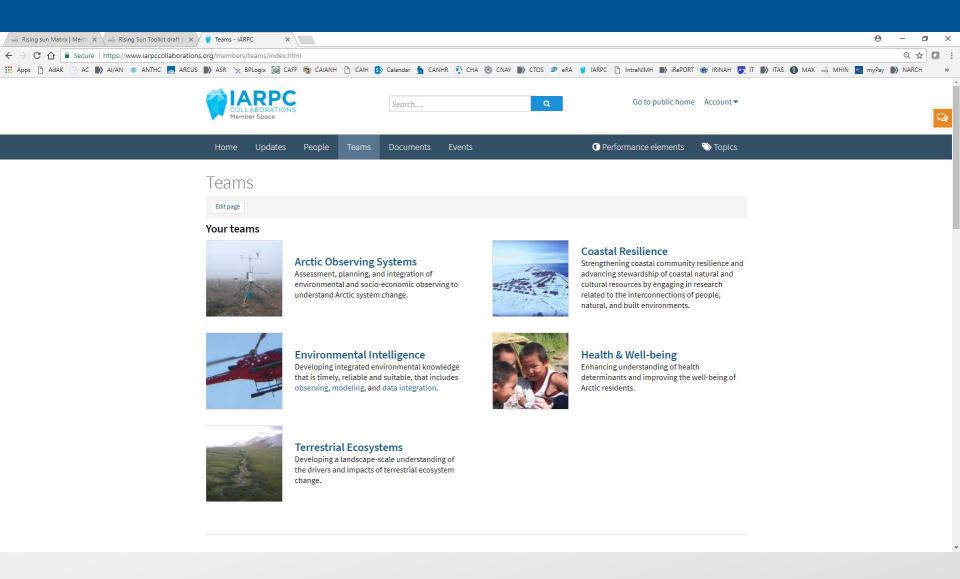


NIH Tribal Health Research Coordinating Committee

- Development of an AI/AN Research Strategic Plan and developing and recommending strategies to track and monitor NIH research initiatives and progress
- Developing the initial Al/AN research portfolio analysis
- Develop potential research and research training activities for NIH and ICO leadership to consider
- Facilitate and coordinate collaborations and other activities related to Al/AN health research across the NIH ICOs as well as with other federal agencies
- Contribute to reports on AI/AN research activities to HHS and in response to other requests



IARPC Collaboration Teams





Information Dissemination

- RISING SUN Toolkit (forthcoming)
 - Mental Health Innovation Network http://www.mhinnovation.net/
- 17th International Congress on Circumpolar Health https://www.icch2018.com/
 - Circumpolar Suicide Prevention and Resilience (ICC and SDWG)
- Fourth National Climate Assessment (NCA4)
 - Alaska Chapter
 - Human Health Chapter
 - Tribal and Indigenous Communities Chapter



Save the Date

Mark your calendars for the 2018 annual

Global Mental Health Workshop!

1-2 May 2018

Bethesda Marriott
5151 Pooks Hill Road
Bethesda, Maryland 20814

Additional information will be forthcoming



NIMH Contact Information



Roberto Delgado, PhD

- Chief, Rural Mental Health Research
- Office of Rural Mental Health Research
- Office for Research on Disparities and Global Mental Health
- roberto.delgado@nih.gov / 1.301.443.4372

Andrea Horvath Marques, MD, MPH, PhD

- Program Chief, Minority Health and Mental Health Disparities
- Office for Research on Disparities and Global Mental Health
- andrea.horvathmarques@nih.gov / 1.301.443-3945



Thank You!

- Upcoming Arctic Research Seminars:
 - 6 March 2018: Marlene Laruelle, George Washington University
 - 29 March 2018: Matthew Jull, University of Virginia
- > ARCUS is launching a new Arctic Indigenous Scholars program
 - Applications due on Thursday, 15 February.
 - Learn more & apply: https://www.arcus.org/indigenous-scholars
- Other opportunities to connect with the ARCUS community
 - 26 April 2018: Anchorage Arctic Research Day
 - June 2018: ARCUS 30th Anniversary event at Polar2018
- Please visit ARCUS online to find:
 - ARCUS Seminar recordings: https://goo.gl/Wymkd7
 - Information on how to become an ARCUS member: https://goo.gl/u4662D

